The Grub-ſtreet Journal. NUMB. 290.

THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1735.

WE ſhall this week follow the example of ſome of our political brethren, and preſent our readers with an Abridgment of a ſcarce and curious pamphlet, intitled, *A Computation of the increaſe of London, and parts adjacent; with ſome cauſes thereof, and remarks thereon: particularly, with reſpect to the influence ſuch increaſe of the Capital may have on the body of the nation, its conſtitution and liberties. Printed in the year* 1719.

In the year 1695, a nice and well-grounded calculation was made of houſes and people within the bills of mortality; which ſtated the former at 105,000, and the latter at 530,000. The increaſe of both which for 21 years may be juſtly calculated by the increaſe in the importation of coals, which is owing to the increaſe of buildings and inhabitants; and theſe will ſtill bear a proportion to one another, as long as coal continues to be the general fuel.

In 7 years, ending	Chalders imported	*Medium* imported, and conſum'd yearly.	Yearly increaſe of Chalders.
1695	. . . . .	. 315,427	
1702	2,265,083	. 323,583	. . 1,165
1709	2,412,518	. 344,645½	. . 3,009
1716	2,628,168	. 375,452½	. . 4,401

This being premiſed, the computation thereupon is as follows,

Year	Chalders conſumed	Numbers of Houſes	Numbers of People	Yearly increaſe (in each 7 years) of Houſes	Yearly increaſe (in each 7 years) of People
1695	315,427	105,000	530,000		
1702	323,583	107,715	543,724	388	1,957
1709	344,645½	114,726	579,094	1,001⅘	5,055
1716	375,452½	124,981	630,856	1,467½	7,394

This is ſomething above 5 heads *per* houſe, and a little more than 3 chalders *per ann.* for each houſe, one with another.

It were to be wiſhed, that an increaſe of trade contributed to this increaſe of houſes and people: but there ſeem to be much ſtronger reaſons for believing, that the latter is chiefly owing to other cauſes. —— Of theſe the *union* of England and Scotland may be reckon'd one. — Another, altogether as conſiderable, may be the *publick funds*, which have occaſioned the erecting of ſeveral new offices and ſocieties; and brought great numbers of people (beſides thoſe employed in them) to live in and about London, ſome upon the income of their fortunes, placed in the Exchequer, Bank, &c. and others to deal in ſtocks, and funds: and this traffick has raiſed many families, and produced many new and ſhining equipages, which has increaſed ſervants in proportion, and created many dependants. —— A third cauſe of this increaſe ſeems to be the *army*, the General, and other officers of which, chiefly centre here, on account of the Court, their military poſts, or ſeats in parliament; and their families, equipages, and dependants are not the leaſt, either for grandeur or number: which laſt cauſe ſeems to be of equal benefit and ſecurity to the city in particular, as to Engliſh privileges in general; and from all three, it may perhaps be found, that other parts of England, as well as North Britain, are both impoveriſhed and diminiſhed. —— A fourth cauſe is the number of *Foreigners* arrived among us, who, by ſome aids (of one kind or other) live in ſplendor, and make a figure here.

There has been a notion, that the increaſe of people (let them come how, and from whence they will) is an addition of riches to a nation. If foreigners indeed come prepared for manufactures, tillage, or ſome other uſeful buſineſs, and bring money, and other effects of value along with them, whereby to have ſomething to work upon, as well as with; it may afford ſome ſupport to this notion, which cannot poſſibly have any from empty comers. The truth of which the nation ſufficiently experienced by ſending for the Palatines, who came with nothing but themſelves and ſome diſtempers.

The next computation propoſed is, How much London and Middleſex may reaſonable pay more to the land-tax, than they did in 1695, by reaſon of this increaſe in buildings and inhabitants. As the number of buildings in 1716 was 124,981, there wants but 19 to make the increaſe 20,000, from 1695 to that time: which is an increaſe of $\frac{4}{21}$ of the whole, and that is ſo near $\frac{1}{5}$, that conſidering the great number of new buildings from 1716 to 1718, a full fifth of the whole in 1695 (increaſed by 19) added to the number of that year, may reaſonably enough be admitted for the number of houſes in 1718, *viz.* 126,000. And then the increaſe of the land-tax will be in the proportion following: its 105 to 126: ſo is 100,000 to 120,000, that is, for every 100,000, which London and Middleſex pay'd in 1695, they ought to pay now 120,000, —— The number of houſes in 1695, being 105,000, ſuppoſe they had been rated at 3 l. *per* houſe, to a tax of 4 s. in the pound, which is but a rent of 15 l. *per ann. per* houſe, one with another; the tax would have amounted to 315,000 l. on houſe-rents only. Then as the increaſe in 1718, is computed at 21,000 houſes, the tax thereon will amount to 63,000 l. which being added to 315,000 l. the total will be 378,000 l. for the ſum which London and Middleſex might reaſonably pay to a tax of 4 s. in the pound, in 1718.

But ſhould it be urged in behalf of London, &c. that tho' they did not pay to the full of the land-tax, at a *medium* of the rents, yet they paid more and higher than other parts of England, as being nearer to the eye, and inſpection of the government; it may be anſwered, that allowing that they did ſo, the following good reaſons may be given why they ought to do it. 1. Becauſe of the great advantage London has by trade above other places. 2 Becauſe of the quick circulations and returns of money. 3. Becauſe even this ſituation, by which they are under the more immediate inſpection of the government, is a great advantage, by giving them an opportunity of furniſhing the Court, the nobility, and gentry, with all or moſt things for their tables, houſes, equipages, and apparel. For theſe reaſons, it ſeems but juſt and equitable, that remoter places, which have not any ſuch advantage, ſhould be eaſed in taxes.

But as this eaſe in the rating of the land-tax has been continued by chuſing gentlemen of eſtates in the countrey, for repreſentatives in parliament, who, by uniting in the houſe of Commons, preſerved that eaſe to themſelves, and thoſe they repreſented: ſo, by the ſame rule that this eaſe has been maintained, it may be loſt to them, and turn'd another way, by the majority falling to other hands. And towards this, there ſeems not only to be ſome tendency, but a progreſs already made, by chuſing ſtrangers for repreſentatives in remoter burroughs and corporations. And when either through an indifference, or inactivity in countrey gentlemen, by reaſon of diſcouragements and diſappointments which they meet with, being over-borne, or out-bid in the auctions of burroughs, the remoter parts of England come to be more generally repreſented by the money'd men of London, by courtiers, and place-men, and by the officers of the fleet, and army; one may foreſee and expect a turn in the rating of the land-tax, and that remoter counties may be made pay as high thereto as London. One effect of the choice of ſuch repreſentatives is ſeen already in the prolonging of a *triennial* to a *ſeptennial* term: and who knows but this may be further prolong'd, in ſuch manner as the poſſeſſors ſhall think fit, or rather, as to the principals of thoſe factors ſhall ſeem meet?

This then being the happy caſe, and the conſequence of corporation and burrough-traffick, one may now ſee the reaſon why the fate of the government has been link'd to that of ſtocks, and made ſo abſolutely to depend upon it, as if all judgments were to be form'd, and all meaſures to be taken from it; and that as ſtocks roſe or fell, ſo was the government to proſper or ſink; thereby making the auctions of Exchange alley, the index, rule, and ſtandard of publick conſultations, judgments, and deciſions, and ſetting up a regency there, to preſcribe and dictate to the *Cabinet*. Which was found ſo eaſy to improve, as that from an imaginary ſtate-thing, it did in a manner become the real, and only one: and burroughs by this means coming to market there, it was not difficult (by proper aids) to get them into the hands of this race of jobbers; who then might well be for bringing the fate of the nation to their own, and for tying up its ſecurity to depend on theirs: becauſe this their traffick and dominion could only be ſupported and carried on by the method it was begun; which was (after the example of their father Satan) by centring and diſplaying all the riches of the kingdom, on this charming and alluring mountain, and then (as well for enlarging the capital, as for widening the channel for ſupplies) by monopolizing burroughs and corporations. This has ſo well ſucceeded, that a great part has been wreſted by it from other hands; and theſe managers and factors have been placed in the election chair: which is ſo artfully contriv'd, as (like *Winſtanley*'s) to be wafted by an engine to any place, and for any turn the ſervice may require. So that in the next place, who knows, but that thoſe who have thus bought their ſeats, may ſell their votes, and their country too into the bargain? And thus the power, privileges, and rights of Parliament, as well as its fence to the conſtitution, may be brought to ſo ſmall a compaſs, as to become an eaſy purchaſe, and to be laid aſide, or render'd uſeleſs all at once, both as to name and eſſence, ſomewhat like the ſtate of the *Convocation*. Or if the name be left for old cuſtom-ſake, or for the ſake of form, or ſhow, or for the pomp and grandeur of the purchaſer, in the paſſing and enforcing of Edicts, ſo far this band of *property-mongers*, and *traffickers of liberty* may be honour'd and diſtinguiſhed: while at the ſame time the *corporation* and *burrough-traders* and *retailers*, may reflect on the wiſe bargains they have made for themſelves, and their countrey, which they may look upon as their *laſt will and teſtament*.

But whatever be the fate of all theſe, their Annals will be of as little uſe or comfort to the poor remnant of the nation, as to make theſe, or the like reflections, *viz.* That a nation which hath ſtood its ground, and kept its privileges and freedoms for hundreds of years, is in leſs than a third of a century, almoſt quite undone; hath laviſhly ſpent above 160 millions in that time; made hecatombs of Britiſh lives; ſtock-jobb'd or cannonaded away its trade; perverted, and then jeſted away its honour, law, and juſtice; burleſqued its religion, diſavow'd the divinity of its author, then baniſh'd it; and in the room thereof offer'd ſacrifice to an *Idol* of the people's ſetting up; which has produc'd ſwarms of others, of monſtrous ſhapes and forms; compounded of the dregs of all former hereſies, ſects, ſchiſms, and rebellions; hatch'd from inceſt, whoredom, and adultery; and all centring in atheiſm, anarchy, and confuſion.

As to the eaſe in the land-tax to places at a diſtance from the centre and ſeat of government; it may be added, that 'tis only to be underſtood to be ſo, while the people are in a ſtate of freedom. For in arbitrary and deſpotic governments, it may be found to be wholly the reverſe; and that they who are neareſt to the eye and centre, fare the beſt, and are freeſt from oppreſſion. Becauſe the people there can apply ſooner and more eaſily for redreſs of grievances, and abuſes; and officers are alſo kept in better awe, and more ſtrictly to their duty, as well as to the rules and limitations of it. But intendants, and other officers commiſſioned to remoter places, to levy taxes, may be repreſented by a burning-glaſs, and be ſaid to reſemble the nature of it: which is to contract the rays of the ſun (compared here to the authority of the prince committed to them) with that force, and to that degree, as to burn and ſcorch in the ſevereſt manner, where 'tis pointed and directed: and whether ſuch officers increaſe the revenues of the prince, or not, yet they are ſure to ſqueeze and oppreſs the people, with all manner of exactions and extortions.

And now that both ſtates have been repreſented in ſome meaſure, as to the article of taxes; one may eaſily imagine, that all things elſe, which can effect a people, will take the ſame turn. And both together ſet before us what we of this nation have been, and what we are [likely to be]; what we enjoy'd, and what we have loſt and thrown away; and that all this is chiefly owing to the being grown ſo wanton, giddy, and intoxicated with the name of liberty, as to proſtitute all virtue, principle, and honour; which brought on ſo great a degeneracy, ſo general a pravity and corruption, and ſuch a feebleneſs and decay, and even loſs of courage and ſpirit through the nation, as not only ſubjected and enſlav'd it to the Idol-worſhip before-mentioned, but have ripen'd it for the judgments which juſtly attend ſuch mad proceedings, and which are already at our doors: and then the general indolence and ſupineneſs, obduracy and ſtupidity, which are too obſervable, are farther ſymptoms of impending ruin, as both aggravating the guilt, and ſealing the miſery paſt redemption.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

P. *Daily Poſt-Boy.*
DP. *Daily Poſt.*
D J. *Daily Journal.*
DA. *Daily Advertiſer.*
LP. *London Daily Poſt.*
G. *Daily Gazetteer.*
S J. *St. James's Evening Poſt.*
L E. *London Evening Poſt.*

THURSDAY, *July* 10. We hear her majeſty has been pleaſed to order a warrant to paſs the privy ſeal, authorizing Sir Charles Wager, Knt. to receive from the ironmongers company, &c. ſuch monies as are or ſhall be depoſited in their hands, that ought to be applied for redeeming all ſuch of his majeſty's ſubjects as are or ſhall be taken captives and carried into ſlavery. *G*

On tueſday Ric. Bate, Gent. late a cadet in the Coldſtream regiment, kiſs'd her majeſty's hand, on being appointed an enſign to a company in the regiment of Invalids, commanded by the hon. brigadier-general Fielding. *DP. DA.*

The ſame day came on at Guildhall, before the right honourable the lord Hardwicke, in the court of King's-bench, a cauſe, wherein two Rheniſh wine merchants and a vintner, as aſſignees of a certain bankrupt, were plaintiffs, and another vintner defendant: the caſe was this: on the 2d of July 1731, the bankrupt enter'd into a contract with the defendant, under the penalty of 1000 l. for the purchaſe of the leaſe, goods and plate, of a certain tavern near Temple-bar, where the defendant then liv'd, and was to take poſſeſſion the 3d of September following, and accordingly the contract was perform'd; the bankrupt carry'd on the trade in the ſaid tavern till Apr. 1732, and then a commiſſion of bankruptcy was awarded againſt him; the aſſignees brought their action againſt the defendant for the money he had receiv'd from the bankrupt for the conſideration mention'd; and after a trial which laſted about two hours, the plaintiffs were nonſuited. There was ſomething ſo very extraordinary in this trial, that great numbers of merchants, and other conſiderable dealers, attended to wait the iſſue thereof. *DP.*

On ſunday night by a general privy ſearch, &c. 2 men and 7 women were taken up out of night-houſes and night-cellars, who being carry'd the next morning to the veſtry at Covent-garden before 6 of his majeſty's juſtices, 4 of the women were committed to Tothill fields Bridewell to hard labour. *P. DP. DJ.*

Married on ſunday Mr. Leigh, a gentleman of a plentiful eſtate in the county of Stafford, to Miſs Cotton, a rich heireſs of Sunbury. *G.* — On monday James Ellis, Eſq; to Miſs Hughes of Colcheſter, a fortune of 12,000 l. *P.*

Died a few days ago, Capt. Caleb Wade, maſter attendant of his majeſty's Dock-yard at Portſmouth. *DA.* — On ſunday Mr. Stone, maſter calker of Woolwich. *DJ. G.* — Maſter-corker of his majeſty's yard, &c. *DA.* — Near Ipſwich in the county of Suffolk, Mrs. Fielding, relict of Morrice Fielding, Eſq; worth 16,000 l. and 450 l. per ann. *G.* — On tueſday in Bell-yard near Temple bar, of an ulcer in his tongue, Mr. Phil. Wright, an attorney at law. *LP.* — In her 74th year, Madam Anne Jobbing-Yong, a near relation to his grace the duke of Ormond: her eſtate of 1200 l. per ann. devolves to her younger ſiſter. — Yeſterday ſuddenly, Mr. James Vaux, an eminent woollen-draper in the Strand, reputed worth 20,000 l. and 150 l. per ann. *P.*

FRIDAY, *July* 11. It having been intimated to her majeſty, that great numbers of perſons have loſt their lives for want of underſtanding the art of ſwimming, her majeſty has given orders, that his royal highneſs the Duke ſhall be inſtructed therein by bathing *LP.* — Her majeſty has been pleaſed to give directions to the attorney general, to proſecute the perſons concerned in the riot at Briſtol on June the 11th. *G.*

Laſt monday Mr. Rich's bay gelding won the king's plate at Nottingham. *DA.*

The ſame day Mr Joſhua Ward paid upwards of 200 l. for beds, bedding, &c. deliver'd for the uſe of his hoſpital at Pimlico, &c. *LP.*

The only daughter of an eminent tradeſman in this city, being diſappointed in a tender affair, came laſt tueſday morning to her father's room, and fired a piſtol at him, but miſſed him; upon which ſhe took a knife, and would have cut his throat, but being overpowered, was confined to a room; the ſame evening ſhe ſent for her father, and before him ſtabb'd herſelf in two places on the groin, ſaying, *I deſerve what I do*, and died the ſame night. *P.*

Yeſterday at the quarter ſeſſions of the peace for the royalty of the Tower, Sir John Gonſon gave an excellent and learned charge to the grand jury. *P.* — A very learned and excellent ſpeech or charge. *LP.* — Open'd the ſame with an incomparable, learned and fine ſpeech or charge. *DA.*

The ſame day the famous Bridgenorth man, and the famous jumping footman, jumped 20 jumps in White Conduit fields for 40 guineas, which was won by the former, who out-jumped him 6 or 7 yards. *P.* — He jumped about 70 yards. *G.* — 74 yards and 2 foot. *DA.*

Married yeſterday James Mollow, Eſq; to Miſs Anne Molin, a beautiful young lady, with an eſtate of 350 l. per ann. *DP.*

Died yeſterday in Queen-ſtreet, Bloomsbury, George Woodſtone of Glouceſter, Eſq; a gent. of 500 l. per ann. *DP. DA.* — In New Bond-ſtreet, Jac. Wright, poſſeſs'd of a very great eſtate in the county of Cambridge. — At Hampſtead, John Biſcow, Eſq; juſt come of age, and to a fortune of 1400 l. per ann. *P.*

SATURDAY, *July* 12. The intended marriage of his royal highneſs the prince, with a princeſs of the houſe of Eyſenach, has been declared at Court; and we hear that the neceſſary preparations will forthwith be made for ſolemnizing the nuptials. *LP.*

Yeſterday the right hon. Sir Rob. Walpole, &c. ſet out from Cheſea, for Houghton-hall in Norfolk, for 3 weeks. *P. DA.* — From his houſe in S. James's-ſquare. *G.*

The ſame day his grace the duke of Buckingham lay dangerouſly ill in S. James's-ſquare. — As alſo the lady of Steph. Poyntz, Eſq; at S. James's palace. *DJ.*

Her grace the dutcheſs of Newcaſtle is very ill at Claremont in Surry. — And the counteſs Dowager of Jerſey in Mount-ſtreet, near Groſvenor-ſquare. *DA.*

Yeſterday orders were iſſued out from the war office, for Maj. Gen. Gore's troop, in the king's own royal regiment of dragoons, to march to Lewes in Suſſex, to aſſiſt the exciſe and cuſtom-houſe officers againſt the ſmugglers. *P.*

The right rev. Dr. Chandler, biſhop of Durham, has preſented the rev. Dr. Chandler, his ſon, to the prebend of Durham, and maſterſhip of the hoſpital there. *G.*

Thurſday night, Mr. Vane of Richmond, and Mr. Jam. Bradford of Southwark, were attacked between Wandſworth and Barns Common, by 2 highwaymen, ſuppoſed to be Turpin the butcher, and Rowden the pewterer, the remaining two of Gregory's gang, who robb'd them of their money, &c. They rode off towards Roehampton, where a gentleman was robbed, as is ſuppoſed, by the ſame highwaymen, &c. *DJ. G.*

Married on thurſday at S. Martin's church, James Kneller of Newbury in Berkſhire, Eſq; to the widow of Mr. Geo. Hill, late an eminent merchant; an accompliſh'd lady with a great fortune. *P.* — John Dowſe of Fulham, Eſq; to Miſs Lynn, a young lady of a conſiderable family and fortune. *DJ. G.* — On tueſday Will. Jones of Noſs in Glouceſterſhire, Eſq; to Miſs D'Oyly, of Chiſlehampton in Oxfordſhire, an agreeable young lady, with a handſome fortune. *LP.* — On monday Mr. Osborn, a gentleman of 2400 l. per ann. to Miſs Withers of Portſmouth. *P.*

Died the 14th inſt. at Bruſſels, John Appleby, of Yorkſhire, Eſq; *P.* — Saturday, at the Bath, Joſ. Hugget, of Bridgenorth, in the county of Salop, Eſq; *DJ. G.* — Yeſterday Paul Hunt, of Kent, Eſq; in King-ſtreet, Southwark. His eſtate of 1500 l. per ann devolves to his 2 children, now very ill of the ſmall-pox. *P.*

MONDAY, *July* 14. Her majeſty has been pleaſed to direct a commiſſion, during his majeſty's pleaſure, to paſs the great ſeal of Great Britain, authorizing John duke of Rutland, George earl of Warrington, Henry biſhop of Hereford, Richard biſhop of Litchfield and Coventry, Thomas biſhop of S. Aſaph, and others, to viſit the collegiate church of Mancheſter. *P.* &c.

The right hon. the lords commiſſioners of the Admiralty have ſent orders to Portſmouth, for the getting ready 4 men of war to ſail at an hour's warning. *LP. G.*

A trial came on at Guildhall, upon an action brought againſt the keeper of a certain priſon for upwards of 100 l. he having a debtor of the plaintiff's in cuſtody for that ſum; and it was proved the ſaid debtor had lived at Camberwell for ſome time; upon which the keeper was adjudged to pay the whole debt with coſts of ſuit. — A few days ago there was a remarkable trial at the Marſhalſea-court, between a citizen of London, plaintiff, and a Drury-lane lady, defendant; when thro' the means of a perſon who ſtiles himſelf king of Drury-lane, and his agents, the plaintiff loſt a juſt debt. *DP.*

On ſaturday laſt the great cricket-match was played at Mouſley-hurſt in Surry, between his royal highneſs the Prince of Wales, and the Earl of Middleſex, for 1000 l. a ſide; eight of the London club, and three out of Middleſex, play'd for the Prince; and the Kentiſh men for the Earl: the chieſeſt of the wagers were laid on the firſt hands, apprehending there would not be time to play it out; and the Londoners went in firſt and fetch'd 95, then the Kentiſh men went in and fetch 80; upon which the odds ran ten to three on the former, who went in a ſecond time and fetch'd but 41, which made them in all only 56, ſo that the Kentiſh men beat them, and had three men to come in: to-morrow fortnight the ſecond great match for 1000 l. a ſide, is to be play'd on Bromley-Common in Kent; and we hear the whole eleven who are to play for the Prince, will be choſen out of the London club. *DP. G.* — To be play'd on ſaturday ſe'ennight on Dartford Brim. *DJ.* — For 500 l. on Dartford-heath. *DA.*

Laſt friday at the races at Hampſtead, the pick-pockets, &c. revived an old practice of cutting off gentlemen's ſilver ſpurs, which occaſioned ſome of the latter betts to be, one gentleman's odd ſpur againſt another's. *LP.*

Married on ſaturday George Tilby, of the county of Oxford, Eſq; to Miſs Lucy Duke, a young lady of 6000 l. fortune. — John Anderſon, Eſq; to Miſs Robinſon of Broxburn, a fortune of 20,000 l. *P.* — Mr. John Cook, an eminent rag merchant and buckram ſtiffener, to a very agreeable gentlewoman, a fortune of 1500 l. and 40 l. per ann. *G.*

Died on thurſday at Winchelſea in the county of Suſſex, Will. Godwin, Eſq; *P.* — On ſaturday morning at Kenſington, Pet. Chamberlain, of Cumberland, Eſq; a gentleman of 800 l. per ann. *LP.* — Yeſterday in Groſvenor-ſtreet, Tho. Jenkins, Eſq; poſſeſs'd of an eſtate of 2500 l. per ann. *P.*

TUESDAY, *July* 15. On ſaturday a vaſt quantity of gold and ſilver ſpecie, drawn from the bank of Venice by the dutcheſs Dowager of Marlborough and the duke, was brought under a ſtrong guard from Portſmouth, and lodg'd at the Bank of England. *LP.*

Yeſterday the workmen began to ſtake out the ground in the centre of Lincoln's-inn-fields, for the baſon to be made there, and fountain to be erected in the middle. *DA.*

Yeſterday a proclamation was publiſhed for putting in execution, the laws againſt perſons guilty of any murder or robbery in the cities of London and Weſtminſter, or within 5 miles thereof, with a reward of 100 l. to be paid out of the Treaſury upon conviction, over and above all other rewards. *DP. DJ. G.*

The damage which the corn has already received by the rains, has obliged the farmers to raiſe the price of wheat to 5 s. 6 d. barley 2 s. 4 d. malt 3 s. beans 2 s. 4 d. oats 1 s. 8 d. per buſhel, at Briſtol. *P. DA. LP.*

On ſunday Pet. Delme, Eſq; member for Lugerſhall in Wilts, ſet out for Flanders. *P.* — For the Imperial army on the Rhine. *DA.*

Married laſt week Tho. Duncomb, Eſq; member for Rippon in Yorkſhire, to Miſs Weſton, a lady of a vaſt fortune. — Geo. Berkeley, Eſq; to the right hon. the counteſs dowager of Suffolk. *LP.* — Yeſterday Tho. Adamſon, Eſq; to Miſs Baptiſt, a beautiful young lady, with a fortune of 10,000 l. *DJ.*

Died on ſaturday at Waltham-ſtow, in his 80th year, Sir Jac. Jacobſon, Knt. *DA. LP.* — On ſunday in Great Ormond-ſtreet, Tho. James, Eſq; *DJ.*

WEDNESDAY, *July* 16. Laſt week the ſum of 1000 l. was iſſued out from the treaſury, which his majeſty has been moſt graciouſly pleaſed to preſent to the general aſſembly of the church of Scotland, for the encouragement of itinerant preachers and catechiſts in the highlands and iſlands of that part of the kingdom. *P.*

We hear that the lord biſhop of Sarum has preſented the rev. Dr. Stebbing to the archdeaconry of Wilts, void by the reſignation of the lord biſhop of Londonderry. *DA.*

Laſt monday night the new-born ſon of Stephen Poyntz, Eſq; was baptized by the name of Charles: his grace the duke of Grafton and the lord Lynn were Godfathers, and the lady Anne Lumley Godmother. *P.* — As proxy for her royal highneſs the princeſs Amelia. *LP.* — Her royal highneſs, &c. ſtood Godmother. *DJ. DA. G.*

His grace the duke of Norfolk has purchaſed Mr. Hill's fine houſe and gardens at Teddington. *G.*

By the death of the late Sir Hen. Furneſe, Bar. an eſtate upwards of 200,000 l. falls to his only whole ſiſter, and the perſonal eſtate, which is very great, will be divided amongſt his half ſiſters. *G.*

Laſt ſunday night his excellency the new Portugal ambaſſador ſet out for Harwich, in order to embark for Holland. *G.*

Laſt ſaturday a great quantity of tea, &c. was ſeized in a houſe in Maddox-ſtreet. *P.*

Married laſt tueſday ſe'ennight John Lewis, of Glouceſter, to Miſs Bond of Hertford, a beautiful young lady, with a fortune of 15,000 l. *G.* — On monday James Anderſon of Suſſex, Eſq; to the widow of Tho. Paddington, late an eminent merchant, an accompliſh'd lady, with 200 l. per ann. *P.* — John Low of the county of Bucks, Eſq; to Miſs Jane Woodfield, a beautiful young lady with a conſiderable fortune. *DP.*

Died on friday at Richmond, Charles Carr, Eſq; *G.* — On monday at Portſmouth, Hen. Stanyford, Eſq; mayor of that town, and maſter carpenter to the office of ordnance for that garriſon. *DA.* — On ſunday, former-

ly mayor. *LP.* — Yesterday morning in Bedford-row, Mrs. Mary Chandois, widow of the late John Chandois, possess'd of 2000 l. per ann. *DP.* — At Harrow on the Hill, Will. Gardiner, Esq; a gentleman of a very plentiful fortune. *G.*

From the PEGASUS *in Grub-street.*

The XXVII*th* Ode *of* ANACREON.

When Jove's bright off-spring Bacchus fair,
Lyaeus, who dissolves all care,
My breast has enter'd deep, inspires
My soul, intoxicates, and fires;
Old as I am, in active dance
My steps he teaches to advance.
Then something that delights my mind,
Beyond expression sweet, I find:
While hands, and cups, and voices round,
In concert yield harmonious sound;
Which Venus joys succeed: and then,
I'd dance the same gay round agen.

D D.

The BITE.

Occasion'd by the publication of a volume of Trash, *or* Letters.

Long —— had rail'd, and advertis'd,
What none but fools believ'd;
It comes, 'tis look'd at, and despis'd,
The fools are undeceiv'd.

Are these —— Letters, ——, or yours?
Must this new volume pass?
G— D— such c——ting sons of ——!
How dare you show your face?

Pillor'd, purg'd, vomited, in vain,
He still presumes to write;
With lies, and trash attempts again,
The cheated world to ——.

So papers neatly folded lie,
All in the publick way,
And every fool, that passes by,
May take a T—d away.

Since our last we have received *verses* from Amelia, which came too late for this week; and a copy of a *writ*, at the suit of E. Curll, in the court of *Common Pleas*.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Thursday, *July* 10. —— *Vienna, July* 4. General Wutgenau writes from Mantua, that that place, as important as it is, is already surrounded by the enemy, and according to all appearance, they will undertake the siege of it; adding, that if it so happens, he shall be obliged to capitulate, not to put the garison in danger of becoming prisoners of war. *DJ.*

It is now publickly talk'd at Paris, that as soon as the Russian troops join the Imperial army, the Elector of Bavaria will declare in favour of the French; and that he can bring 30,000 men into the field, and yet leave sufficient garisons to secure himself at home. *LP.*

His excellency the count de Montijo, the Spanish ambassador, arrived at Paris yesterday se'nnight in the evening. *DA. LP.*

Mr. Pet. Paon, brigadier of the French king's army, died lately at Trauville in Caux, aged 73 years. *LP.*

Friday, *July* 11. —— They write from Paris, that an English gentleman there has given 600 Louis d'Ors, to receive one a day till Mantua is taken. *DA.*

By a letter from Hanover we learn, that his majesty had positively ordered all the Danish troops in English pay to be ready to march at an hours warning: which occasions various speculations, because it is absolutely affirmed, that they are not to go to Lisbon (as reported) but to the frontiers of some German dominion. *P.*

We hear that an express arrived last night, with advice, that the States-general have chosen his highness the prince of Orange general of foot. *DA.*

Monday, *July* 14. There is a report from Vienna, that the Emperor declared in a grand council, that he designed to send back an army to Italy of 40,000 men to prevent the siege of Mantua; but his generals thought it more adviseable to reinforce prince Eugene, and enable him to penetrate into France. *DP.*

Letters from Paris of the 20th instant advise, that Trepani has capitulated on the same conditions with the garison of Syracuse, and that Orbitello has likewise surrender'd on articles to be convey'd to Trieste, and not to bear arms against the Allies during a year; so that the Emperor has not a foot of ground in Italy but what Mantua stands on. *DP.*

By a private letter from the Rhine we hear, that his highness prince Eugene does not expect the Russian troops there this year; that the prince of Wirtemberg, one of his Imperial majesty's generals of horse, lay at the point of death; and that prince Eugene was in a bad state of health. *P. LP. G.*

Yesterday arrived the important news, that the most Christian king had, upon the pressing instance of the maritime powers, agreed to a cessation of arms, and that the conditions were sent to the Emperor for his ratification. *DA.*

We hear from Paris, that Mr. Ramsay, author of the *Travels of Cyrus*, has been created a knight baronet by the pretender; and the Scots gentlewoman that he marry'd, has already taken the name of Lady Ramsay. *G.*

Tuesday, *July* 15. 'Tis advised from Rome, that the Imperial agent made a great bustle there, on account of the Pope's refusing to receive the Jennet from the Emperor, as king of Naples and Sicily, and caused a protest to be publickly read by a notary of the apostolick chamber, wherein he charges his holiness with all the ill consequences which may result from that refusal. *DJ.*

Wednesday, *July* 16. Letters from Berlin assure us, that his Prussian majesty insists upon having satisfaction for the violence offer'd to the ships going in and out of Koningsberg. *DA.*

Paris, July 19. —— An express is arrived from the Mediterranean, with advice, that the new king of Naples and Sicily was crowned at Palermo the 2d instant, with all possible magnificence. *G.*

We are assured, that the Swedes have agreed to a treaty of neutrality for 3 years; and 'tis said they are, during that time, to receive a subsidy from this court, of 450,000 crowns. *G.*

Yesterday Bank Stock was 138 1 half. India 150, for the Opening. S. S. Trading-Stock 82 3 4ths. for the Opening. Old Annuities 106 1 half, a 3 4ths. Ditto New Annuities 107 a 1 4th. Three per Cent. Annuity 94 1 4th, a 94, for the Opening. Million Bank 108. African 17. Royal Assur. 97 3 4ths. London Assur. 12, a 1 8th. New Bank Circulation 8 l. Prem. South-Sea Bonds 2 l 19 s. a 3 l. Pr. India ditto 4 l. 14 s. a 5 s. Pr Three per Cent. ditto 2 l. 13 s. Prem. English Copper 2 l. 2 s. Prem. Welsh ditto, Books shut. Salt Tallies 3 a 1 4th per Cent. Prem.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

In a few Days will be publish'd, in Three Vols. in Twelves, a New and Beautiful Edition of

THE WORKS of VIRGIL. Translated into English Blank Verse. With large Explanatory Notes and Critical Observations.

By JOSEPH TRAPP, D. D.

Printed for J. Brotherton, J. Hazard, W. Meadows, T. Cox, W. Hinchcliffe, W. Bickerton, T. Astley, S. Austen, L. Gilliver, and R. Willock.

This Day is publish'd,

(For June, to be continued Monthly)

(Price Six-Pence.)

THE LITERARY MAGAZINE: Or, Select BRITISH LIBRARY.

By a Society of GENTLEMEN,

Wherein the following Articles are contained.

I. *Desiderata Curiosa*; or, a Collection of divers scarce and curious pieces, relating chiefly to *Matters* of English History. By Francis Peck, M. A. Rector of Godeby near Melton in Leicestershire.

II. Scripture Politicks. By Samuel Croxall, D. D. Archdeacon of Salop, in the Diocese of Hereford.

III. *A* second Abstract from the Memoirs Historical and Military. By the late Marquis de Feuquieres, begun in our last.

IV. Curious Extracts from the Philosophical Transactions.

Printed for J. Wilford in S. Paul's Church yard.

Where the five former Months may be had.

N. B. The Month of July will be published on the first of August, at the same Time with the London Magazine; and the succeeding Months will continue to be published in the same Manner for the future.

Any Literary or Biographical Memoirs, sent to the Publisher as above, will be gratefully receiv'd and carefully inserted.

Lately publish'd,

With the Addition of Nine Pieces *(mark'd thus * in this Advertisement and adorn'd with curious* Cuts, *design'd by Mr* John Vanderbank *and Mr.* Highmore, *and engrav'd by Mr.* Gerard Vandergucht,

The Second Edition of

A Select COLLECTION of NOVELS and HISTORIES. In Six Volumes. Written by the most celebrated Authors in several Languages. Many of which never appear'd in English before. All new translated and Compiled from the most authentick Originals.

VOL. I. Containing,
An Extract of Monsieur Huet's Discourse concerning the Original of Romances
ZAYDE.
The Marriage of Belphegor.
* The Adventures of Melesichon.
The Jealous Estremaduran.
* The History and Fall of the Lady Jane Grey.
* The Adventures on the Black Mountains.

VOL. II. Containing,
The Princess of Cleves.
The Fair Maid of the Inn.
The Force of Friendship.
* Charon: Or, The Ferry-Boat.
The History of the Captive.

VOL. III. Containing,
Don Carlos.
The History of Count Belflor and Leonora de Cespedes.
The Curious Impertinent.
* The History of Jane Shore.
The prevalence of Blood.
The Liberal Lover.
The beautiful Turk.

VOL. IV. Containing,
The Happy Slave.
The Rival Ladies.
* The Loves of King Henry II. and Fair Rosamond.
The Innocent Adultery.
The History of the Conspiracy of the Spaniards against the Republick of Venice.

VOL. V. Containing,
The Little Gypsy.
Ethelinda.
The Amour of Count Palvino and Eleonora
* The Unhappy Favourite: Or, the Fall of Robert Earl of Essex.
Scanderbeg the Great.

VOL. VI. Containing.
The Life of Castruccio Castracani of Lucca.
The Loves of Osmin and Daraxa.
The Spanish Lady of England.
The Lady Cornelia.
* The History of Masaniello.
The False Duchess.
* Memoirs of the Imprisonment and Death of Mary Queen of Scots.

Printed for J. Watts, and sold by John Osborn, at the Golden Ball in Pater-noster Row.

This Day was published.

(Price One Shilling and Six pence,)

(*Being a proper Supplement to the Author's Treatise of the* Belles Lettres)

NEW THOUGHTS concerning EDUCATION. By Mr. ROLLIN, Late Principal of the University of Paris, professor of Eloquence in the Royal College, and Member of the Royal Academy of Inscriptions and Belles Lettres. Done from the French with Notes.

Printed for Messrs Bettesworth and Hitch, at the Red Lyon in Pater noster Row.

Where may be had, by the same Author,
Beautifully printed in 4 Vols 8vo.

The Method of Teaching and Studying the Belles Lettres; or, An Introduction to Languages, Poetry, Rhetoric, History, Moral Philosophy, Physicks, &c. with Reflections on Taste, and Instructions with Regard to the Eloquence of the pulpit, the Bar, and the Stage. The whole illustrated with passages from the most famous Poets and Orators, Ancient and Modern, with Critical Remarks on them. Design'd more particularly for Students in the universities. Translated from the French.

[*On Saturday next*, July *the* 18*th*]

Will be publish'd,

THE Present State of EUROPE: Or, the historical and political Monthly Mercury, giving an Account of all the publick and private Occurrences, Civil, Ecclesiastical, and Military, that are most considerable in every Court: With a more particular Account of the Affairs of Great Britain, &c. For the Months of May and June, 1735. With political Reflections upon every State. Vol. XLVII. Continued Monthly from Originals published at the Hague, by the Authority of the States of Holland and West Friesland, &c.

Printed for the Assigns of the Executors of H. Rhodes, and Eliz. Harris. And sold by J. Roberts in Warwick-Lane.

Where are to be had the whole forty-six Volumes, beginning November, 1688. (Or single Ones, from July, 1690, to this Time. Price Six pence.)

N. B. Having in our MERCURY for April anticipated greatly on the Transactions of May, and the Author having been very much indispos'd, we have thought fit to insert in this MERCURY the remarkable Occurrences in the Months of May and June; but, for the future, shall continue the same Method as has always been observ'd.

This Day is publiſh'd,

In One Volume Octavo,

(Price Six Shillings.)

A New GENERAL ENGLISH DICTIONARY; peculiarly calculated for the Uſe and Improvement of ſuch as are unacquainted with the learned Languages.

Wherein

The difficult Words, and Technical Terms made uſe of in

Anatomy,	Divinity	Hunting,	Muſick
Architecture,	Gardening,	Husbandry,	Navigation,
Arithmetick,	Grammar,	Law,	Painting,
Algebra,	Hawking,	Logick,	Poetry,
Aſtronomy,	Heraldry,	Mathematicks	Rhetorick,
Botany,	Hiſtory,	Mechanicks,	Sculpture,
Chymiſtry,	Horſemanſhip,	Military,	Surgery, &c.

Are not only fully explained, but accented on their proper Syllables, to prevent a vicious Pronunciation; and marked with initial Capitals, to denote the part of Speech, to which each Word peculiarly belongs.

To which is prefix'd,

A Compendious Engliſh Grammar, with general Rules for the ready Formation of one part of Speech from another; by the due Application whereof, ſuch as underſtand the Engliſh only, may be able to write as correctly and elegantly, as thoſe who have been ſome Years converſant with the Latin, Greek, &c.

Together, with

A Supplement of the proper Names of the moſt noted Kingdoms, Provinces, Cities, Towns, Rivers, &c. throughout the known World: As alſo of the moſt celebrated Emperors, Kings, Queens, Prieſts, Poets, Philoſophers, Generals, &c. whether Jewiſh, Pagan, Mahometan, or Chriſtian; but more eſpecially ſuch as are mentioned either in the Old and New Teſtament.

The Whole Alphabetically digeſted, and accented in the ſame manner, and for the ſame purpoſe, as the preceding part; and collected for the Uſe of ſuch as have but an imperfect Idea of the Engliſh Orthography.

Originally begun by the late Rev. Mr. Thomas Dyche, Author of the Spelling Dictionary, and a Guide to the Engliſh Tongue, in two parts. And

Now finiſhed by William Pardon, Gent.

Printed for R. Ware in *Amen Corner*, Pater-noſter Row.

This Day is Publiſh'd,

And given Gratis, with a Specimen of the Work,

PROPOSALS for Printing by Subſcription, the FAMILY COMPANION; or, Annotations upon the HOLY BIBLE. Being a New and Complete Hiſtory of the Old and New Teſtament; Together with the Lives, Actions, Sufferings, and Deaths of our Bleſſed Saviour and his Twelve Apoſtles. Extracted from the Writings of the moſt celebrated Authors, *Antient* and *Modern*. By S. Smith, D. D.

CONDITIONS.

I. That this Work will be comprized in about 250 Sheets in Folio, and be beautifully and correctly printed, on a ſuperfine Demy paper; and on an entire new Letter, in a large Character.

II. It is propoſed, while this Work is printing, to deliver five Sheets, ſtitch'd in blue paper, once every week at the Subſcribers Houſes, or any other place they ſhall appoint, at the price of Six pence.

III. The Annotations will be divided into diſtinct Chapters, like the Bible, being an Explanation thereof, in a plain and familiar Stile; with Contents at the Head of each Chapter, ſuited to the meaneſt Capacity.

IV. At the Beginning of every Book will be an Introduction, containing an Account of the Author, and of the Matter treated of therein. At the Concluſion of every Book will be a Diſſertation, explaining ſeveral difficult Texts, reconciling many ſeeming Contradictions in the Tranſlation of the Bible; and anſwering all the material Objections vainly ſtarted by Deiſts and others, againſt the ſacred Repoſitories of Truth, the Old and New Teſtament.

V. The Lives, Actions, Travels, Sufferings, and Deaths of our Bleſſed Saviour, and his Twelve Apoſtles, will be printed immediately after the Apocrapha.

VII. This work will be adorned with Cuts, and neceſſary Maps, engraven on Copper, and a Cut or Map to be reckon'd only as a Sheet, in order to render it the cheapeſt, as well as moſt uſeful Book of Divinity ever publiſhed.

N. B. The firſt Number will be delivered on Tueſday the Second Day of September next.

Subſcriptions are taken in by J. Wilford, near the Chapter-houſe in S. Paul's Church-yard; E. Nutt, and *M.* Cook, at the Royal Exchange; A. Dodd, at the Peacock without Temple-bar; W. Rayner, in Bird-Cage-Alley, near St. George's Church, Southwark; J. Harper, in Creed Lane, by Ludgate-ſtreet; by moſt Bookſellers in Town and Country; and by the Hawkers that carry the News.

Juſt Publiſh'd, in a neat Pocket Volume,

Price Seven Shillings and Six-pence,

(*The third Edition, corrected and enlarged to the preſent Year*, 1735,

THE IRISH COMPENDIUM; or Rudiments of Honour, containing the Deſcents, Marriages, Iſſue, Titles, Poſts, and Seats of all the Nobility of Ireland, with their Arms, Creſts, Supporters, Motto's, and Parliamentary Robes, exactly engraven on 80 Copper plates. Alſo a Supplement, ſhewing the Antiquity, Dignity, and uſe of Armories, with above 900 Examples, engrav'd and explain'd, for the better attaining a perfect Knowledge in the Noble Science of Heraldry: Together with the Atchievements and Regalia made uſe of at Funeral Solemnities, and an Account of the Office and Dignity of a Herald.

Printed for Meſſieurs Betteſworth and Hitch, at the Red Lion in Pater-noſter Row.

Where may be had,

I. The *Britiſh* Compendium, containing the Genealogies of all the Nobility of England, their Titles, Poſts and Seats; alſo their Arms, Creſts, Supporters and Motto's, exactly engrav'd on Copper plates. The ſeventh Edition, in 2 Vols. price 10 s. 6 d.

II. The Scotch Compendium; containing the Origin of the Scots, and Succeſſion of their Kings for above 2000 Years; alſo the Titles, Deſcents, Marriages, Iſſues, Poſts and Seats; with their Robes and Arms exactly engrav'd: together with an Account of the Knights of the Thiſtle and Nova Scotia, the Regalia and Arms of Scotland, and the Riding of Parliaments. The third Edit. with an Addition of 140 pages, pr. 7 s. 6 d.

(July 1.) *began to be publiſh'd,*

(Price Six-pence.)

(*Neatly printed on fine Paper, and ſtitch'd in blue Covers.*)

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE:

Or, Monthly Intelligencer. For June, 1735.

Containing among other *Matters*,

The Speech of John Howe, Eſq; on the Motion for augmenting the Forces; Hardſhips of Wives from the Engliſh Laws; the Controverſy between Mr. Foſter, the Weekly Miſcellany, and Dr. Stebbing concerning Hereſy; Conference II. between two Romiſh prieſts and two Diſſenting Teachers on Tranſubſtantiation, &c. Eſſays on various Subjects from the weekly papers as uſual. Above 40 original pieces of poetry. Affairs Foreign and Domeſtick, &c.

Printed and ſold at St. John's Gate: By F. Jefferies in Ludgate-ſtreet; and all other *Book*ſellers.

Lately Publiſhed,

The Fourth Edition (Reviſed and Enlarged) of

A COMPENDIOUS TREATISE *of all the Degrees and Symptoms of*

The VENEREAL DISTEMPER

In both Sexes; with Remedies for their reſpective Cures, preſcribed: As LIKEWISE,

FOR thoſe other Ailments and Infirmities of the generative parts and Faculties, which, tho' ſimilar to the Venereal, have yet no Relation to that odious Infection, with their Difference, Cauſes, and Conſequences; the whole comprized in theſe ten Chapters, viz. Chap. I. Of the Venereal Diſeaſe in General. 2. Of the parts and Faculties of Generation in each Sex. 3. Of a Gonorrhæa, or Venereal Clap, its Seat and Symptoms in both Sexes. 4. Of the cauſe and cure of a Gonorrhæa. 5. Of the other Ailments often attending Gonorrhæas; as Shankers, Cryſtallins, Carnoſities, Bubo's, &c. 6. Of the Remains and Conſequences of ill-managed Claps, ſuch as Gleets, Imbecilities, and Infertilities of the Seminals and Genitals, Hardneſs, Swelling, Waſting, and other Diſorders of the Teſticles, &c. either from the Diſeaſe or Remedies uſed. 7. Of the pox, and its Effects, and how far it is poſſible that many of the ſtubborn Ails complained of, under the Denomination of Scurvy, Leproſy, King's Evil, Rheumatiſm, Gout, Conſumption, &c. may hereditarily or acquiredly proceed, either altogether or in part, from that foul cauſe, and how to be certain whether they do or not. 8. Of Salivation; the various Ways of raiſing it, and in which caſes it is neceſſary, and in which injurious. 9. Of a ſimple Gonorrhæa, and involuntary Emiſſions in Men; the Fluor *Albus* in Women; Self-pollution and exceſſive Venery in both; and the Conſequences thereof. 10. Of Impotency in Men, and Sterility in Women, not proceeding from any Venereal Infection. By John Marten, Surgeon.

Printed for and ſold by J. Iſted, Bookſeller, at the Golden-ball between St. Dunſtan's Church and Chancery-lane End in Fleet-ſtreet. Price ſtitch 2 s. bound 2 s. 6 d.

This Day is publiſh'd,

AN Enquiry into the Cauſes of the frequent Executions at Tyburn; and a propoſal for ſome Regulations concerning Felons in priſon, and the good Effects to be expected from them. To which is added, A Diſcourſe on Tranſportation, and a Method to render that puniſhment more effectual. *By B.* Mandeville, M. D.

Oderunt peccare Mali formidine Pœnæ.

Printed for John *Brotherton* at the *Bible* in Cornhill.

ROCK's TINCTURE *for the* STONE *and* GRAVEL.

THIS is that Tincture, which by private and very large Experience, has beſpoke its way to the publick. In the moſt violent Fits of the Stone and Gravel, or in pains of the Cholick, or other pains reſembling the ſame, or pains of the Back, this excellent Tincture will give immediate Relief; it dilates and makes ſlippery the paſſage from the Kidneys to the Bladder, that ſmall Stones and Gravel may paſs through the urinary paſſages, freed from ſlimy calculous Impediments; it operates ſo ſtrongly, as to diſſolve all large Stones that can be diſſolved; and inſtead of inflaming, takes off all that pain and Stoppage of urine, and ſearches the Kidneys and Bladder ſo as, where there is any poſſibility, to make a perfect Cure.

This is ſo far from hurting any internal part, that it relieves and comforts at the ſame Time, and is experienc'd to be excellently good in the Strangury; and is of that Cordial Influence, that it excites, in a moderate healthy *Manner*, Conjugal Intercourſes; and where a Conſtitution, by any Misfortune, has fallen into a Coldneſs and Indifference, while the Reins and genital *Parts* have been clogg'd with ſlimy cold Humours, and the Party's Ability towards Generation has thereby been wholly taken away, this Tincture has actually and abſolutely reſtored the Party to his perfect Vigour and Strength.

'Tis a Cure for Impotency and Barrenneſs, and is ſo delightful in all its Operations, that the Patient who takes it once, will never leave it off till he has compleated the Cure.

And it does not only cure the Stone and Gravel but prevents it, and is to be had at the Doctor's Houſe, in King's Arms Court on Ludgate-Hill, where there is a Green Hatch in the Entry. *Price* 3 s. 6 d. with Directions. He doth Wonders in curing the Diabetes, or the continual making of Water.

Dr. NEWMAN's *Famous Antivenereal Pill,*

WHICH, to the Surprize of all that take it, cures all Degrees of the Venereal Diſeaſe; it ſpeedily removes pains in the Head, Arms, or Legs, takes away the Running, Cordee, Heat of Urine, Soreneſs and Inflammation of the parts: or any old Gleets, tho' of many Years ſtanding. It perfectly cures without hindrance of Buſineſs, or Confinement one Hour; nay, if you have Nodes, tumified Teſticles, Pockey Warts, Buboes, Shankers, Phymoſes, Paraphymoſes, Ulcers in the *Mouth*, Noſe, Throat or palate: Or if you are broke out in Scabs and Blotches, from Head to Foot, in a ſhort Time you will be well, two or three being ſufficient when the Diſtemper is gentle, or freſh contracted; but if it has been long on the patient, or in the Blood, a few more is required for a Cure; there is but one in a Doſe, no bigger than a ſmall pea, having neither Taſte or Smell, and are ſold at ſo eaſy a price, as only two Shillings each. They are likewiſe put up in Boxes of half a Guinea and a Guinea price, being ſufficient in the worſt of caſes. Where may be had, ready to be delivered to any Meſſenger, the only Medicine in the World for all Seminal Weakneſſes, from Falls, Blows, Wrenches, Strains, hard Labours, Miſcarriages, Flour Albus in *Women*, the Remains of Mercury unskillfully prepar'd, foul ſettling in the urine, old Gleets, Reliefs of the Venereal Diſeaſe; or Damage by Self-pollution, a Dripping of Matter, pain in the Back, or often Occaſion to make water, weakneſs of the Veſſels after any former Cure, at 5 s. the Vial: It ought to be taken after every cure, to ſtrengthen the Body after the phyſick. Note, Theſe Pills will be readily ſent by the poſt to any part of England, if you ſend your Money in a Letter by the Stage coaches.

I likewiſe have a ſweet ſcented Ointment for the Itch, or Itchy Breaking out.

I have an Electuary which cures Colds, Coughs, Shortneſs of Breath, Aſthma's, Conſumptions, reſtores loſt Appetites, purifies the Blood. It is an infallible Remedy for the Gravel and Stone, at One Shilling and Six-pence the Gallipot, with Directions.

Attendance is given every Day, by the Author, a graduate Phyſician, at his Houſe at the Blue-Ball in Hand-court, almoſt over-againſt Great Turn Stile, Holbourn.

Advice GRATIS.

LONDON: Printed by J. HUGGONSON, near *Sergeants-Inn* in *Chancery-Lane*, and ſold by J. ROBERTS, near the *Oxford Arms* in *Warwick-Lane*; where Letters and Advertiſements are taken in; as alſo by Capt. GULLIVER, near the *Temple*; and at the *Rainbow* Coffee-Houſe in *Cornhill*.